

Cambridge IGCSE™

Paper 2 (Extended) May/June	
	2022
MARK SCHEME	
Maximum Mark: 70	
Published	

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

© UCLES 2022 Page 2 of 6

Ma	ths-Specific Marking Principles
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

© UCLES 2022 Page 3 of 6

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	31 or 37	1	
2	399	1	
3	2h 57 min	1	
4	4.286 cao	2	B1 for 4.285[7] or 4.29 or $\frac{30}{7}$ or $4\frac{2}{7}$
			or for correctly rounding their more accurate decimal to 4sf
5	320	2	M1 for 380.8 ÷ 1.19 oe
6	$2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$ oe	2	B1 for 2, 2, 3, 3, 5 or M1 for correct factor tree/diagram/table.
7	$\frac{9}{21}$ and $\frac{2}{21}$ oe	M1	Allow any correct denominator 21k
	$\frac{1}{3}$ cao and correct working	A1	
8(a)	7.2 oe	1	
8(b)	$[\pm] \sqrt{\frac{2s}{a}}$ final answer	2	M1 for $\frac{s}{a} = \frac{1}{2}t^2$ or $2s = at^2$ or better
9	7y(2x-y) final answer	2	B1 for $7(2xy - y^2)$ or $y(14x - 7y)$ or $7y(2x - y)$ seen then spoilt
10(a)	-3	1	
10(b)	27 - 5n oe final answer	2	B1 for $j - 5n$ or $27 - kn$, $k \neq 0$ or for $27 - 5n$ seen then spoilt
11(a)	4.5 oe	2	M1 for $\frac{8}{6} = \frac{6}{QR}$ oe or better
11(b)	135	2	M1 for $\left(\frac{6}{8}\right)^3$ or $\left(\frac{8}{6}\right)^3$ or $\left(\frac{their 4.5}{6}\right)^3$ oe
12	162	3	M2 for $\left(\frac{(5-2)\times 180}{4+5+5+7+9}\right) \times k$ where $k = 1, 4, 5, 7, 9$ or M1 for $180n \div (4+5+5+7+9)$ where $n \ge 2$ or for $(5-2) \times 180$ oe

© UCLES 2022 Page 4 of 6

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
13	1.98×10^{100}	2	B1 for 200×10^{98} or 0.02×10^{100} or answer with figs 198
14	90	3	B2 for 210 or 0.09 km OR M1 for speed × time seen
			M1 for correct conversion of both km to m and between h and s
15	-3	1	
16	Enlargement $[sf] - \frac{1}{2}$ [centre] (4, 4)	3	B1 for each
17	3.37 or 3.367 to 3.368	3	M2 for isolating r^3 , e.g. $r^3 = \frac{120}{\pi}$ or M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi r^3 = 80$ oe If 0 scored SC1 for answer 2.67 or 2.672 to 2.673
18	[x =] 38 $[y =] 22$	3	B1 for $[x =]$ 38 and B2 for $[y =]$ 22 or M1 for angle $ACB = their x$ or angle $BAD = 60$ or angle $CBA = 120$
19	PQX and alternate PXQ and [vertically] opposite oe ASA XB	4	B2 for lines 1 and 2 correct or B1 for line 1 or 2 correct, or both angles correct B1 for line 3 correct B1 for line 4 correct
20(a)	1.5 or $1\frac{1}{2}$	1	
20(b)	240	2	M1 for one correct area
21	(1-q)(1-a) or $(a-1)(q-1)$ final answer	2	B1 for $1 - q - a(1 - q)$ or $1 - a - q(1 - a)$ or better or correct answer seen and spoilt
22	36y ¹⁴⁴ final answer	2	B1 for ky^{144} or $36y^k$ final answer $k \neq 0$ or correct answer seen and spoilt

© UCLES 2022 Page 5 of 6

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
23(a)	[p =] 4 [q =] -6	2	B1 for one correct or $(x+4)^2 - 6$ or $x^2 + px + px + p^2 [+q]$
23(b)	-10 and 2	2	M1 for $(x+4)^2 = 36$ or $(x+their4)^2 = 30-their(-6)$ or for correct method to solve quadratic e.g. $(x+10)(x-2)$
24	28	3	M2 for $24^2 + 12^2 + 8^2$ or M1 for $24^2 + 12^2$ or $24^2 + 8^2$ or $12^2 + 8^2$
25	$\frac{16}{\sqrt{x}}$ oe final answer	3	M2 for $w = \frac{k}{\sqrt{x}}$ oe OR M1 for $w = j\sqrt{y}$ M1 for $y = \frac{c}{x}$
26	$\frac{5}{3}$ a + $\frac{1}{3}$ b final answer	4	M1 for $\overline{AK} = -\frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3} \mathbf{b}$ or $\overline{BK} = \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a} - \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{b}$ M1 for \overline{AL} (or \overline{OK}) = \mathbf{a} + their \overline{AK} oe soi or \overline{OK} (or \overline{AL}) = \mathbf{b} + their \overline{AK} oe soi or $\overline{BL} = \mathbf{a}$ + their \overline{AK} oe soi M1 for a correct route e.g. \overline{OL} , \mathbf{a} + \overline{AL} , \mathbf{b} + \overline{BL}
27	(-2, -1) and (6, 7)	4	B3 for $x = -2$ and 6 OR M1 for $x^2 - 3x - 11 = x + 1$ or better M1 for correct method to solve <i>their</i> quadratic e.g. $(x+2)(x-6)$ If 0 scored, SC1 for one correct pair of coordinates